## **Department of Energy**

- (3) Coordination with Department of Justice. Whenever a meeting or factfinding conference is requested, the Suspending Official's legal representative shall obtain the advice of appropriate Department of Justice officials concerning the impact disclosure of evidence at the meeting or fact-finding conference could have on any pending civil or criminal investigation or legal proceeding. If such Department of Justice official requests in writing that evidence needed to establish the existence of a cause for suspension not be disclosed to the respondent, the Suspending Official shall:
- (i) Decline to rely on such evidence and withdraw (without prejudice) the suspension or proposed debarment until such time as disclosure of the evidence is authorized; or
- (ii) Deny the request for a meeting or fact-finding and base the suspension decision solely upon the information in the administrative record, including any submission made by the respondent.
- (e) Notice of suspending official's decision. In actions in which additional proceedings have been held, following such proceedings, the Suspending Official shall notify respondent, as applicable, in accordance with paragraphs (e)(1) or (e)(2) of this section.
- (1) Upon deciding to sustain a suspension, the Suspending Official shall promptly send each affected respondent a notice containing the following information:
- (i) A reference to the notice of suspension, the meeting and the fact-finding conference;
- (ii) The Suspending Official's findings of fact and conclusions of law;
- (iii) The reasons for sustaining a suspension;
- (iv) A reference to the Suspending Official's waiver authority under 48 CFR (DEAR) 909.405;
- (v) A statement that the suspension is effective throughout the Executive Branch as provided in FAR 9.407-1(d);
- (vi) Modifications, if any, of the initial terms of the suspension;
- (vii) A statement that a copy of the suspension notice was sent to GSA and that the respondent's name and address will be added to the GSA List; and

- (viii) If less than an entire organization is suspended, specification of the organizational element(s) or individual(s) included within the scope of the suspension.
- (2) If the Suspending Official decides to terminate a suspension, the Suspending Official shall promptly send, by certified mail, return receipt requested, each affected respondent a copy of the final decision required under this section.
- [61 FR 39857, July 31, 1996; 61 FR 41684, Aug. 9, 1996]

## Subpart 909.5—Organizational and Consultant Conflicts of Interest

SOURCE: 62 FR 40751, July 30, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

## 909.503 Waiver.

Heads of Contracting Activities are delegated the authorities in 48 CFR (FAR) 9.503 regarding the waiver of OCI requirements.

## 909.504 Contracting Officer's Responsibility. (DOE coverage-paragraphs (d) and (e)).

- (d) The contracting officer shall evaluate the statement by the apparent successful offeror or, where individual contracts are negotiated with all firms in the competitive range, all such firms for interests relating to a potential organizational conflict of interest in the performance of the proposed contract. Using that information and any other credible information, the contracting officer shall make written determination of whether those interests create an actual or significant potential organizational conflict of interest and identify any actions that may be taken to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate such conflict. In fulfilling their responsibilities for identifying and resolving potential conflicts, contracting officers should avoid creating unnecessary delays, burdensome information requirements, and excessive documentation.
- (e) The contracting officer shall award the contract to the apparent successful offeror unless a conflict of interest is determined to exist that